

Mixed Media Nature Drawing

Instruction Packet



<u>STEP 1:</u>

- 1.) On white drawing paper, use PENCIL to draw a leaf, flower, or other nature object as realistically as you can. Ms. Amsler has reference pictures, or you can use your Chromebook. You may draw several different objects if you wish.
- 2.) CHECKPOINT*, then Sharpie over your favorite drawing carefully.

(*Checkpoint means to get teacher approval!)

- Draw your object "hand size" or bigger.
- Carefully observe your reference picture.
- Draw light until it's right!



<u>STEP 2:</u>

 On a new piece of watercolor paper, use a PENCIL and a light table, (or window) to repeatedly trace your drawing several times. Try turning or flipping your original drawing to create a variety of positions for your tracings.

2.) CHECKPOINT

- Draw light until it's right!
- Create at least TWO areas of realistic overlap.
- Have tracings touch or go off all sides.
- Don't "overfill" the paper to the point of where things get confusing.
- Work neatly!



<u>STEP 3:</u>

- 1.) If your pencil lines are very dark, use a kneaded eraser to lighten them.
- 2.) You must now choose either a WARM or COOL color scheme for your leaves/objects. Choose one or more Sharpies in your chosen color scheme and neatly trace over your composition.

- Precise tracing that exactly goes over your traced object lines.
- Color choice(s) are either warm OR cool.



<u>STEP 4:</u>

- 1.) Now, choose at least three Crayola Markers in your chosen warm or cool color scheme.
- 2.) Emphasize outlines and interior details with the markers, switching colors frequently so that each leaf/object has a minimum of two colors. DON'T color anything in solid, just *accent existing lines neatly.*

NOTE: Don't worry if the marker lines look "rough" or sketchy.

- Neat accent work that emphasizes <u>existing</u> outlines and interior details.
- Color choices are either warm OR cool.



Since the Crayola markers are water-based, the color will dissolve, but since Sharpie is permanent, those lines will NOT run when moistened.

<u>STEP 5:</u>

- 1.) Using Water only, moisten your marker lines to dissolve them into paint and neatly fill your leaves/objects.
- 2.) It is important to think about the shape of your leaf/object and use your brush strokes to emphasize their form

GOALS:

 Careful paint work that emphasizes the forms of your object and stays within the lines of each shape.



Painting step, complete!



<u>STEP 6:</u>

- 1.) We will now use **liquid watercolors** in spray bottles to create a cool splatter effect in the background.
- 2.) At the back counter, use water to neatly but thoroughly wet all your remaining white areas. Try to leave a small dry space around all your leaf/objects. DO THIS STEP QUICKLY BUT CAREFULLY: you want to be consistent about how close you get to each object.
- 3.) Choosing colors that are the OPPOSITE color scheme of your leaf/objects, mist the background areas. It is ok, and even desirable, for the spray to also hit your leaves/objects a little!
 - Where the paper is WET, the color will bleed.
 - Where the paper is DRY, the color will be splattered.

GOALS: Careful and neat application of water to background areas to enhance the effect of the liquid watercolor